

# LAS VEGAS DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. 3.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1881.

NO. 25.

## C. H. BENJAMIN & CO.,

—DEALER IN—

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES IN SEASON

LAS VEGAS, - - - NEW MEXICO.

SIMON A. CLEMENTS.

FELIX MARTINEZ.

CLEMENTS & MARTINEZ

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Flour, Grain and Country Produce.

Lumber in Large Quantities a Specialty!

Cash paid for Wool, Hides and Pelts.

OPPOSITE SAN MIGUEL NATIONAL BANK, - - - LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

PARK MEAT MARKET

GEORGE F. GORDON, Prop'r.

Dealer in All Kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats

He also makes it a specialty to

Manufacture all Kinds of Sausages, Rolled Spiced Beef

PRESSED BEEF.

Poultry, Game and Vegetables in their Season

Give him a Call.

Warrants of the Several Counties in the Territory Bought and Sold.

### C. R. BROWNING

EAST LAS VEGAS, N. M.

### REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGENT

REPRESENTS

The Oldest, the Largest, the Best Insurance Companies in the World.

COMPANY	ASSETS
MUTUAL LIFE, New York	\$91,755,286.92
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE, London	31,625,194.00
LONDON ASSURANCE, London	15,886,111.96
INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA, New York	7,300,957.00
HONK, New York	6,850,305.11
QUEEN, Liverpool	4,821,237.00
PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Springfield, Massachusetts	2,131,039.00
SPRINGFIELD, Massachusetts	2,083,285.19
HAMBURG-MAGDEBURG, Germany	857,262.00

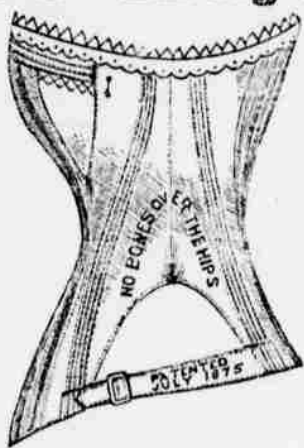
INSURANCE IS PROTECTION.

We Respectfully Beg Leave to Inform You that We Have a Full Line of

The Celebrated

Bortree Adjustable

DUPLIX



CORSETS

In stock and trust you will call and inspect the assortment we have just opened.

M. Romero, Las Vegas, N. M.

MINERAL CITY STAGE LINE.

NEW, COMPLETE, QUICK.

Runs to Mineral City, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Returns alternate days. Plenty of time at either city for prospecting or business.

Fare, \$2.00 each way; Round trip, \$3.50.

J. O. Hill & Co.

First National Bank

OF LAS VEGAS.

(Successors to Reynolds Brothers.)

Authorized Capital, - - - \$500,000  
Paid In Capital, - - - 50,000  
Surplus Fund, - - - 15,000

DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

CALVIN FISK,  
Real Estate and Stock Broker,

Notary Public and

INSURANCE AGENT,  
OFFICE IN OPTIC BLOCK,  
EAST LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

Examine Lockhart & Co's fine new stock of furniture before purchasing elsewhere.

Full weight and fair count, at the Park Grocery.

Ladies' Summer Sewing.  
New Fabrics,  
New Styles,  
Fast Colors,  
Beautiful Shades  
at the store of  
C. E. Wesche.

7-12-14

Milk punch at Billy's.

5-7-14

For Sale.

Twenty-one first-class Mexican mules. All thoroughly broke and in prime condition. Apply to Frank A. Blake, East Las Vegas, New Mexico.

5-14-15

Canvas shoes at the New York Store.

Everything in the house furnishing line kept by Lockhart & Co.

5-11-14

Fine summer clothing at the New York Store.

Two car loads of stoves received by Lockhart & Co.

5-11-14

One hundred boxes of Pittsburg Lamp Chimneys received by Lockhart & Co's and offered at lower prices than ever.

5-11-14

Grand Lunch

every Saturday night at the Exchange Saloon.

4-21-14

Flour by the whole-sale at T. Romero & Son's.

Cream Bread at Bell & Co's, the Plaza Grocers and Bakers.

5-31-14

Fresh butter milk from the churn, brought in every morning from the ranch, at Billy's.

5-31-14

## NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

President Garfield Rapidly Approaches Convalescence.

And is Now Considered Practically Out of Danger.

Guiteau Presents a Petition for Release on \$15,000 Bail.

The International Cotton Exposition Will Be a Success.

Forest Fires Devastating Northern Wisconsin Forests.

News Cabled Across the Ocean from Old England.

Exciting Scenes on the Expulsion of Bradlaugh.

And the Wordy War Which It Caused in the Commons.

Santa Fe Cut Off From the World by Wash-outs.

The President Improves.

Executive Mansion, Wash'n, Aug. 3.—The President slept tranquilly the greater part of the night. This morning his temperature is normal and his general condition satisfactory. This is another day of favorable progress. At present his pulse is 96, temperature 98.4, respiration 18.

Signed,  
D. W. BLISS,  
J. K. BARNES,  
J. J. WOODWARD,  
ROBERT REYBURN,  
D. H. AGNEW.

Executive Mansion, 1:30 p. m.—The President continues to progress steadily towards convalescence. He has taken to-day an increased portion of solid food, the wound is doing well and his general condition is better than yesterday. Pulse 100, temperature 98.4, respiration 19.

Signed,  
D. W. BLISS,  
J. K. BARNES,  
J. J. WOODWARD,  
ROBERT REYBURN,  
D. H. AGNEW.

Executive Mansion, 7 p. m.—The President passed a very satisfactory day. The wound continues to do well. He takes an adequate quantity of nourishment and appears to be in better condition than yesterday at the same hour.

The President this morning again asserted that he could feel the ball distinctly when he was raised into sitting position although unable to do so when reclining. This is due to the weight of the abdomen pressing against the groin. As such pressure would soon produce irritation the opinion is generally expressed by surgeons outside of the case that an operation for the ball will be necessary before the president is allowed to leave his bed.

Executive Mansion, 11 p. m.—The progress of the president towards recovery is to-day marked and satisfactory. He has taken rather more than the usual amount of nourishment including beefsteak, milk, meal extract, toast saturated with beef juice and a little coffee. His strength is daily increasing and he is already able to do more in the way of turning himself in bed and helping others to raise his body than the surgeons think prudent to allow. Since last night at this hour he has had between 1 and 12 hours of quiet sleep and a hypodermic injection of one-eighth of a grain of sulphate of morphia, which is usually given him after evening examination, was reduced to-night to one-sixteenth of a grain, which was found to be amply sufficient. The afternoon febrile rise was to-day trifling and subsided before nine o'clock. Since that hour the patient has slept most of the time and is asleep now, with every prospect of having a night of quiet refreshing rest. In the opinion of the surgeons the President is better and stronger to-day than at any time heretofore.

The Cotton Exposition a Success.

New York, Aug. 3.—The letter from our Atlanta correspondent confirms the statements that the financial and industrial exposition to be held in that city from Oct. 5th to the end of December is no longer a matter of doubt or anxiety. Much interest which has been manifested in the undertaking in the North as well as the South, and even abroad, has surprised the most sanguine expectations of its promoters. Two English ships loaded with machinery will soon be on their way to this country, so that visitors to the exposition may see the machines of Old England working in friendly competition with those of New England in the manufacture of cotton from the seed to the finest products. We are promised among other things instructive exhibits of Georgia and useful material from other States, tropical fruits and flowers of Florida and the Gulf States, the canes of Louisiana, marble of East Tennessee and the valuable wood of Georgia and other Southern forests.

Isolated Santa Fe.

Santa Fe, Aug. 3.—This city is now without any railroad connection with the outside world, there being no trains either way on account of the washouts on the line of the A. T. & S. F. railroad. Business is greatly retarded owing to the suspension of travel and the mails. It is impossible to state when the damage will be repaired, as heavy rains are constantly occurring and making new breaches in the track.

Guiteau Prays for Release.

New York, August 3.—The Tribune's Washington special says: District Attorney Corkhill visited the jail for the first time in ten days. His visit was in consequence of notification from Guiteau who said he had an important communication to make to him. Upon the entrance of the District Attorney into his cell Guiteau arose and produced a folded paper. This was found by Corkhill to be a petition drawn up in the hand of the assassin and praying for his release from jail on bail in the sum of \$15,000. Guiteau bases his claim for release on bail on the fact that the President is now regarded as out of danger and that his physicians concur in stating that there is no probability whatever of another relapse.

The construction of the petition shows considerable familiarity with the forms and methods of law. The document throughout is drawn up with a conciseness and exactness that indicate anything but insanity.

Guiteau was very anxious that the District Attorney should take prompt action on his prayer for release and intimated that in the event of a favorable consideration of the petition he would have no difficulty in securing bondsmen in the sum indicated.

A queer feature in this matter is how Guiteau has managed to obtain information as to the favorable condition of the President from opinions expressed by his physicians. The appearance of the assassin has changed little since his commitment to jail. His complexion has paled some and he moves with a languor that is slightly different from the lounging manner noticeable at the time of his incarceration.

Foreign Flashes.

BRADLAUGH'S LAST "BREAK."

London, Aug. 2.—An immense crowd to-day cheered Bradlaugh when he entered the palace yard on his way to Westminster Hall some time before the assembling of the House of Commons. On Bradlaugh's attempting to enter the House he was quietly removed from the lobby and escorted by the police into the yard where he stood conversing with a friend.

LITTLE WESTERN ON HER WAY.

London, Aug. 3.—The dory, Little Western, from London, June 14, for New York, was spoken in latitude 33 north and longitude 36 west by the steamer Denari, which arrived at Southampton yesterday. She wanted no assistance, although her main boom was broken and the crew said she was leaking at the rate of four inches an hour.

In the Commons Labouchere raised the question of privilege that a resolution of the House in regard to Bradlaugh only excluded him from the House whereas he had been removed from the lobby, and he moved that the officials were therein exceeding their authority.

The Speaker replied he considered it his duty to remove Bradlaugh and added, "The door is closed."

The cheers of the crowd outside were audible to the crowd inside the House. Gladstone supported the Speaker and said Labouchere's motion was untenable.

After his first repulse Bradlaugh remained some time standing in the palace yard with his arms folded and three policemen in front of him barring his way to the House.

Gladstone declared Bradlaugh must not be treated as having no more right to enter the House than a stranger. Northcote endorsed Gladstone's view while Sir Milford Lawson was speaking against the illegal conduct of the House.

Bradlaugh, who had evaded the police endeavor to force an entrance but he was seized by a messenger and dragged from the doors when, he was taken in charge by the police still resisting strenuously his coat being torn in the struggle.

The Speaker ruled that the motion of Sir Milford Lawson for rescinding the former resolutions against the admission of Bradlaugh irrelevant and declined that before the House was the conduct of the Speaker in prohibiting Bradlaugh access to the lobby.

After Bradlaugh and Cowan had spoken in favor of Bradlaugh the Right Honorable John Bright described how Bradlaugh was brought down to the palace yard in a fainting condition. He thought such scenes unprecedented. He had appealed to the opposition to reconsider their former decision so as to extricate themselves from the present difficulties. He was called to order for irrelevancy.

Lord John Manners says Bright's attitude was calculated to encourage Bradlaugh, who had necessitated his forcible removal by attempting to force an entrance.

An amendment to Labouchere's motion, declaring that the House approves of the conduct of the Speaker and officials under his orders was accepted by Gladstone and Northcote and was passed.

A number of Liberal members quitted the House before the vote was taken, amidst ironical cheers.

Bradlaugh after expulsion went to the Bow street court for a summons against the police.

Getting Ready to Leave.

New York, Aug. 3.—A Washington special to the evening telegraph says, that the members of the cabinet now believe the president out of danger is more evident by the preparations of some of them to leave Washington at an early day. Blaine has fixed August 10 for his departure for Maine. Sec. Hunt will start on a long tour of "northern navy yards," if possible on the 15th. Lincoln will return to Rye Beach next week and McVeagh will go to Pennsylvania about the same time.

Increasing Values.

Boston, Aug. 3.—The city assessors report that city property has increased in value 25,000,000 the past year. The rate of taxation decreased from \$15.20 per thousand to \$12.90 for the coming year.

Majestic Consolidation Busted.

Denver, August 3.—Last night the Snellbaker Majestic Consolidation broke up. Manchester Jennings and a few others of the troupe refused to play last night unless they got their pay, and Messrs. Langrishe & Pierce from whom the hall was rented then refused to allow the remainder to play. The audience was then dismissed and their ticket money refunded. The members of the troupe claim nine weeks' salary is due them. They were brought out here by Snellbaker, who left them in Leadville. There they played to good houses but the treasurer, named Smith, left with a thousand dollars. In this city their success was not so great as was expected and the actors became disgusted.

The Mint Mix.

San Francisco, Aug. 3.—In the mint investigation to-day G. W. Bryant, miller and refiner of the Carson mint, was the principal witness. He had obtained some bullion at the Carson mint from the Northern Belle by remitting refining charges, but found he could not work it without loss to the government. On notifying Mr. Low, of the Anglo-Californian Bank, that the charges would have to be imposed on the bullion, it was taken away from the Carson mint. The bullion from the Northern Belle went through Carson and San Francisco is about to be established and the large shipping firm of R. W. Cameron & Co., is interested in the enterprise. Mr. Cameron is in Europe, but his partner Mr. Street said that the firm knew nothing of such a scheme and he considered it impracticable. A line of steamers might be able to carry grain from San Francisco around Cape Horn to England cheaper than the route by the Panama canal, but the line would not stand the expense of either. It is a trade for sailing vessels only.

New Line of Steamers.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—The New York Times of yesterday says: It is reported that a line of steamers between England and San Francisco is about to be established and the large shipping firm of R. W. Cameron & Co., is interested in the enterprise. Mr. Cameron is in Europe, but his partner Mr. Street said that the firm knew nothing of such a scheme and he considered it impracticable. A line of steamers might be able to carry grain from San Francisco around Cape Horn to England cheaper than the route by the Panama canal, but the line would not stand the expense of either. It is a trade for sailing vessels only.

Rich Strikes.

Breckenridge, Col., Aug. 3.—Says the Summit County Leader: Two rich strikes of ore have just been reported from Chihuahua made on Monday on the Buena Vista lode. A tunnel at a depth of nearly two hundred feet cut a true fissure vein of over four feet in width of solid mineral which will run two hundred and forty ounces of silver to the ton. In the Blue Lode, the owners, H. C. Snyder and others have struck an eighteen inch vein of carbonates of copper, running five hundred and ninety ounces. Considerable excitement exists in the immediate locality in consequence.

The Only Remedy.

New York, Aug. 3.—The Herald and Times each, in leading editorial declare that the only remedy for the war as rates arising out of abuses of railroad management is to be found in legislation and the only effective legislation must come from Washington.

The Herald says: Much may be done by state enactments and what can be done should be done by every state. The Times says: It can properly be secured through proper legislation by each state applicable to interstate traffic and proper legislation by the nation applicable to inter-state traffic.

Malaria Malaria.

New York, Aug. 23.—The Herald says: The rapidity with which children are dying this summer in New York and Brooklyn is a subject of considerable concern. Malaria on all sides, however, is very prevalent, and thousands are now suffering who never felt its effects before. Everyone is asking, "What is the cause?"

Alaska's Mines.

New York, Aug. 3.—A Sitka correspondent of July 9th says: About four thousand dollars were taken from the placer claims during the past month. The quartz claims are being thoroughly prospected with a most satisfactory result. The mining settlement is growing and next season promises most stirring times.

Forest Fires.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Dispatches from Sturgeon Bay, Wisconsin, say that the northern part of that Peninsula has been damaged considerably by forest fires. It was believed Monday's rain would stop the flames but they are raging now harder than ever, ruining crops and about timber and threatening immense damage. The people are seriously alarmed.

Hungry Office Seekers.

New York, Aug. 3.—The private secretary of Collector Robertson is reported saying, "If the government should build another custom house as large as this and employ double the number of men now engaged here, there would not be positions for one-tenth the applicants who have already put in their claims."

Fire in Deadwood.

Deadwood, Aug. 3.—A fire early this morning in the lower part of the city, known as Fountain City, destroyed twenty-five buildings. Loss, about \$100,000; small insurance. Many families escaped with only their night clothes. The fire broke out in Williams' grocery house. Origin unknown.

Suspected Thieves and Murderers.

West Newton, Pa., Aug. 3.—Six men were arrested on suspicion of being the murderous thieves who were discovered at McKeesport last night, and who, as reported after killing one man and wounding another.

Saratoga Races.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 3.—In the three-quarter mile race Knight Templar won; Bonnie Lizzie, second, Pattie third. Time, 1:15.

PECOS VALLEY.

Only People and Capital Required to Develop It.

Roswell is situated about seven miles west of the Pecos river on the left bank of the Hondo river, and near, and between, North and South Spring rivers, and about four miles to the southwest of Antelope river. North Spring rises three and one half miles north of Roswell and runs by the town, its waters filling three irrigating ditches. South Spring is four miles south and furnishes water for the irrigation of several thousand acres of land. All that is needed in that section to cause its development into one of the best farming and fruit regions of the West is settlement and capital. Immigration is now commencing and more capital flowing in.

Seven Rivers, sixty miles below Roswell, takes its name from seven springs that flow out eight or ten miles distant from the Pecos, forming small rivers. Between them a large amount of land is now being irrigated. The Pecos can be dammed at or near its junction with the Pecos river, twelve miles above Seven Rivers, and the water utilized so as to irrigate twenty thousand acres of land. There would be sufficient water for carrying out such a scheme, and it could be accomplished at a trifling expense compared with the great value that it would be to a company making the improvement. The estimated cost of the dam and main ditch would not exceed \$4,000.

On Delaware Creek, fifty-three miles from the southern boundary of New Mexico and Texas, there are many good locations for farms that can be easily irrigated. Already there are a number of small farms under cultivation embracing from ten to fifty acres each, and thousands more can be watered by the Pecos, nature here having done much to make it an easy task.

From here down to the point where the Texas & Pacific R'y will cross the Pecos, a distance of sixty-seven miles, there are no running creeks that put into that river. The creeks are ordinarily dry at their junction, but further back from the river they are filled with clear, running water. From twenty to thirty miles back there are numerous streams an average of ten miles apart. But near the banks of the river an abundance of water can be secured.

To sum up, the Pecos Valley on the west bank of the river from Roswell to the T. & P. railway crossing is from one to twenty miles broad; on the east side it is narrow until the Texas line is reached, when it broadens out to several miles wide at the railway crossing.

Grasses are of good quality on both banks, and grow very luxuriantly. Back in the mountains are many perpetual springs. All this makes the region the best kind of stock country. There is no timber in the valley, but in the mountains from ten to fifty miles away there is an abundance, and of the finest quality. There is enough mesquite for fuel. Cottonwood planted five years ago are flourishing nicely.

Those acquainted with the best Texas ranges and those of other states declare that there is no where in the west a finer opening for stock raising than from Roswell to the T. & P. R. R. crossing, one hundred and ten miles. There are now many fine cattle in the country, with more coming, and still room enough in Lincoln county for two hundred thousand more.

What is wanted to develop the country is a railroad down the valley and no country could be found anywhere for constructing a line, where as little grading would be required and there would be absolutely no difficulties encountered.

Bishop Haven Dead.

San Francisco, Aug. 3.—Bishop E. O. Haven died at Salem, Oregon, yesterday afternoon. Immediate cause of his death was uremia.

Fatal Explosion.

City of Mexico, July 27.—An official report of the Mazatlan explosion says twenty-five men were killed, thirty wounded and twelve missing.

Speculator to old miner in Leadville, handing him out a bag of samples: "Gold quartz or carbonates?" The honest miner turned it over in his hand indifferently, took out his knife and picked at it awhile, and then asked, "Got much of it?" "Thousands of tons," answered the other eagerly. "How much do you suppose she'll run?" "Can't tell nuthin' without an assay." "But you can guess, can't you?" "Oh, yes, anybody kin guess, but a guess is liable to be extravagant. Now, I should say—but, mind ye, I may go over the mark—I should say (turning the specimen over again and holding it up to the light), I should say that if ye can save the gold in this and catch the silver, and not waste the lead, that it might run about two dollars to the county."

Fine line of Straw Hats at the New York Clothing Store.

E. Germain & Co., El Paso, Texas, are sole agents for California State Dairy Cheese.